

### **REMARKS**

Claims 1-29 are pending in this application. Reconsideration is requested based on the foregoing amendment and the following remarks.

#### **Response to Arguments:**

The Applicants appreciate the consideration given to their arguments, and the new grounds of rejection. Further favorable consideration is requested.

#### **Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102:**

Claims 1-4, 6-9, 11-16, 18-21, 23-27, and 29 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as anticipated by U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0049698 to Ott et al. (hereinafter "Ott"). The rejection is traversed. Reconsideration is earnestly solicited.

The third clause of claim 1 recites:

An external display to display the current security status of the appliance directly on an outside of the appliance.

Ott neither teaches, discloses, nor suggests "an external display to display the current security status of the appliance directly on an outside of the appliance," as recited in claim 1. In Ott, rather, the network security system displays the current situation/risk status of the protected network to an operator of the system, who is at a *server*, not "directly on an outside of the appliance," as recited in claim 1. In particular, as described at paragraph [0043]:

The network security system can display or otherwise convey the current situation/risk status of the protected network in virtually real-time to an operator of the system (task 618).

Since, in Ott, the network security system displays the current situation/risk status of the protected network to an operator of the system, who is at a server, Ott has no "external display to display the current security status of the appliance directly on an outside of the appliance," as recited in claim 1.

Moreover, in Ott, the security *server*, not a client computer, i.e. an "appliance," includes a display monitor. In particular, as described further at paragraph [0043]:

In the preferred embodiment, the security server includes a display monitor and the security server is capable of rendering a graphical representation of the

network status for display on the monitor.

Since, in Ott, the security server includes a display monitor, Ott has no "external display to display the current security status of the appliance directly on an outside of the appliance," as recited in claim 1.

Moreover, in Ott, the situation/risk status of the network enables an operator to quickly determine whether *any* given client computer is vulnerable or under attack. In particular, as described further at paragraph [0043]:

For example, the situation/risk status of the network can be displayed in any convenient manner that enables an operator to quickly determine whether any given client computer is vulnerable or under attack.

Since, in Ott, the situation/risk status of the network enables an operator to quickly determine whether any given client computer is vulnerable or under attack, Ott has no "external display to display the current security status of the appliance directly on an outside of the appliance," as recited in claim 1.

In fact, in Ott, a mobile sensor agent installed on a client computer detects events and reports event data *back* to security server 302, rather than displaying it "directly on an outside of the appliance," as recited in claim 1. In particular, as described at paragraph [0022]:

Once deployed and installed on a client computer, a mobile sensor agent detects events and reports event data back to security server 302. As used herein, a field agent is a mobile sensor agent that is distributed from security server 302 to one specific protected client computer.

Since, in Ott, a mobile sensor agent installed on a client computer detects events and reports event data back to security server 302, Ott has no "external display to display the current security status of the appliance directly on an outside of the appliance," as recited in claim 1.

Finally, in Ott, a security server receives data from the protected client computers or other network components, rather than displaying it "directly on an outside of the appliance," as recited in claim 1. In particular, as described at paragraph [0019]:

Although not a requirement of the network security system, a security server is preferably realized as a stand-alone PC having a display monitor, a mouse, a keyboard (or other user interface), at least one data communication port configured to receive data from the protected client computers or other network components (e.g., event data from mobile sensor agents), and other common hardware and software features.

Since, in Ott, a security server receives data from the protected client computers or other network components, Ott has no “external display to display the current security status of the appliance directly on an outside of the appliance,” as recited in claim 1.

The fourth clause of claim 1 recites:

An internal display to display the current security status of the appliance within an inside of the appliance.

Ott neither teaches, discloses, nor suggests “an internal display to display the current security status of the appliance within an inside of the appliance,” as recited in claim 1. There is no internal event data log in Ott, contrary to the assertion in the Office Action in section 3, at the top of page 3. Even if there were an internal event data log in Ott, it would reside on the server, not on the client. In Ott, rather, the sensor agents communicate event data back to the respective security *server* for analysis and processing, as discussed above, not “within an inside of the appliance,” as recited in claim 1. In particular, as described at paragraph [0020]:

After the security server (or servers) are physically connected to the network, or after the security server software is loaded onto an existing network server, the security server deploys a number of mobile sensor agents throughout the network. The sensor agents detect occurrences of specified events; an event may be a component of a known attack signature or any detectable event associated with the operation of the protected client computers or the protected computer network. The sensor agents communicate event data back to the respective security server for analysis and processing.

Since, in Ott, the sensor agents communicate event data back to the respective security *server* for analysis and processing, Ott has no “internal display to display the current security status of the appliance within an inside of the appliance,” as recited in claim 1.

In Ott, moreover, the security *server* processes the event data to determine the security status of the network, as discussed above, not “within an inside of the appliance,” as recited in claim 1. In particular, as described further at paragraph [0020]:

The security server processes the event data to determine the security status of the network and to determine whether it would be beneficial to obtain additional event data in order to better assess the security status of the network.

Since, in Ott, the security server processes the event data to determine the security status of the network, Ott has no “internal display to display the current security status of the appliance within an inside of the appliance,” as recited in claim 1. Claim 1 is submitted to be allowable.

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Withdrawal of the rejection of claim 1 is earnestly solicited.

Claims 2, 3, 4, 6-9, 11, and 12 depend from claim 1 and add further distinguishing elements. Claims 2, 3, 4, 6-9, 11, and 12 are thus also submitted to be allowable. Withdrawal of the rejection of claims 2, 3, 4, 6-9, 11, and 12 is also earnestly solicited.

Claims 13-16, 18-21, 23, and 24:

The third clause of claim 13 recites:

Displaying the current security status of the appliance on an outside of the appliance.

Ott neither teaches, discloses, nor suggests “displaying the current security status of the appliance on an outside of the appliance,” as discussed above with respect to the rejection of claim 1.

The fourth clause of claim 13 recites:

Displaying the current security status of the appliance on an inside of the appliance.

Ott neither teaches, discloses, nor suggests “displaying the current security status of the appliance on an inside of the appliance,” as discussed above with respect to the rejection of claim 1. Claim 13 is thus submitted to be allowable, for at least those reasons discussed above with respect to the rejection of claim 1. Withdrawal of the rejection of claim 13 is earnestly solicited.

Claims 14, 15, 16, 18-21, 23, and 24 depend from claim 13 and add further distinguishing elements. Claims 14, 15, 16, 18-21, 23, and 24 are thus also submitted to be allowable. Withdrawal of the rejection of claims 14, 15, 16, 18-21, 23, and 24 is also earnestly solicited.

Claims 25, 26, 27, and 29:

The third clause of claim 25 recites:

An external display to display the current security status of the appliance directly on the an outside of the appliance.

Ott neither teaches, discloses, nor suggests “an external display to display the current security status of the appliance directly on the an outside of the appliance,” as discussed above with

respect to the rejection of claim 1.

The fourth clause of claim 25 recites:

An internal display to display the current security status within the an inside of the appliance.

Ott neither teaches, discloses, nor suggests “an internal display to display the current security status within the an inside of the appliance,” as discussed above with respect to the rejection of claim 1. Claim 25 is thus submitted to be allowable, for at least those reasons discussed above with respect to the rejection of claim 1. Withdrawal of the rejection of claim 25 is earnestly solicited.

Claims 26, 27 and 29 depend from claim 25 and add further distinguishing elements. Claims 26, 27 and 29 are thus also submitted to be allowable. Withdrawal of the rejection of claims 26, 27 and 29 is also earnestly solicited.

**Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103:**

Claims 5, 17, and 28 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ott in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,910,135 to Grainger (hereinafter “Grainger”). The rejection is traversed. Reconsideration is earnestly solicited.

Claims 5, 17, and 28 depend from claims 1, 13, and 25, respectively and add additional distinguishing elements. Ott neither teaches, discloses, nor suggests “an external display to display the current security status of the appliance directly on an outside of the appliance” or “an internal display to display the current security status of the appliance within an inside of the appliance,” as discussed above with respect to the rejection of claim 1. Grainger does not either, and thus cannot make up for the deficiencies of Ott with respect to claims 5, 17, or 28. Claims 5, 17, and 28 are thus also submitted to be allowable. Withdrawal of the rejection of claims 5, 17, and 28 is earnestly solicited.

**Claims 10 and 22:**

Claims 10 and 22 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ott in view of U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0049693 to Douglas (hereinafter “Douglas”). The rejection is traversed. Reconsideration is earnestly solicited.

Claims 10 and 22 depend from claims 1 and 13, respectively and add additional

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distinguishing elements. Ott neither teaches, discloses, nor suggests "an external display to display the current security status of the appliance directly on an outside of the appliance" or "an internal display to display the current security status of the appliance within an inside of the appliance," as discussed above with respect to the rejection of claim 1. Douglas does not either, and thus cannot make up for the deficiencies of Ott with respect to claims 10 and 22. Claims 10 and 22 are thus also submitted to be allowable. Withdrawal of the rejection of claims 10 and 22 is earnestly solicited.

**Conclusion:**

Accordingly, in view of the reasons given above, it is submitted that all of claims 1-29 are allowable over the cited references. Allowance of all claims 1-29 and of this entire application is therefore respectfully requested.

Finally, if there are any formal matters remaining after this response, the Examiner is requested to telephone the undersigned to attend to these matters.

If there are any additional fees associated with filing of this Amendment, please charge the same to our Deposit Account No. 19-3935.

Respectfully submitted,

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